



University of Alabama System External Decision-Maker/Advisor Training

November 8, 2021 and January 5

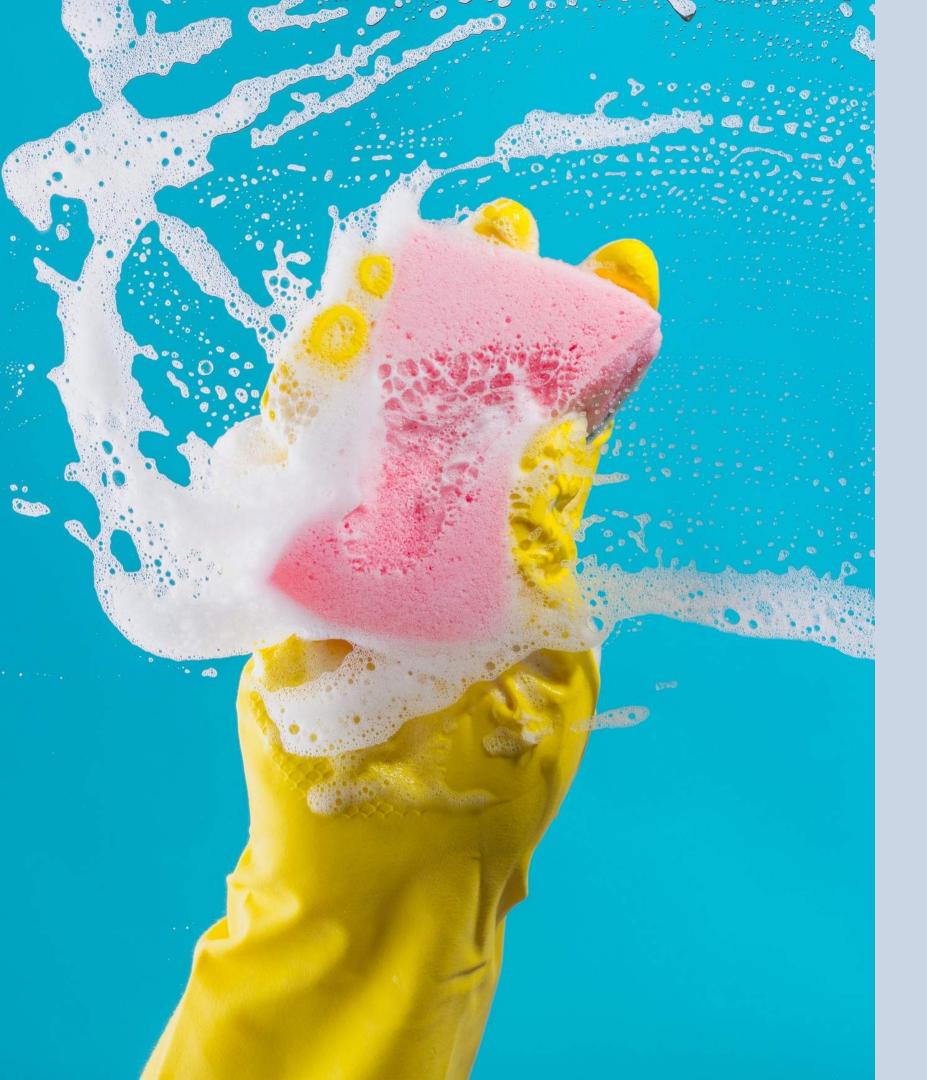
2022



Purpose of Today's Training

- Review General Process under Title IX
- Highlight Your Role
- Answer Questions
- Provide Guidance and Examples
- > Serve as a Resource
- Provide Trauma Informed Practices for Consideration
- On-Going Process- this is still very new!





Housekeeping

- > Chat bar
- Understanding
- Assume basic knowledge of the 2020 Title IX Regulations
- Disclaimer

What is Title IX?

No person in the United States shall, on the basis of sex, be excluded from participation in, be denied the benefits of, or be subjected to discrimination under any education program or activity receiving Federal financial assistance.

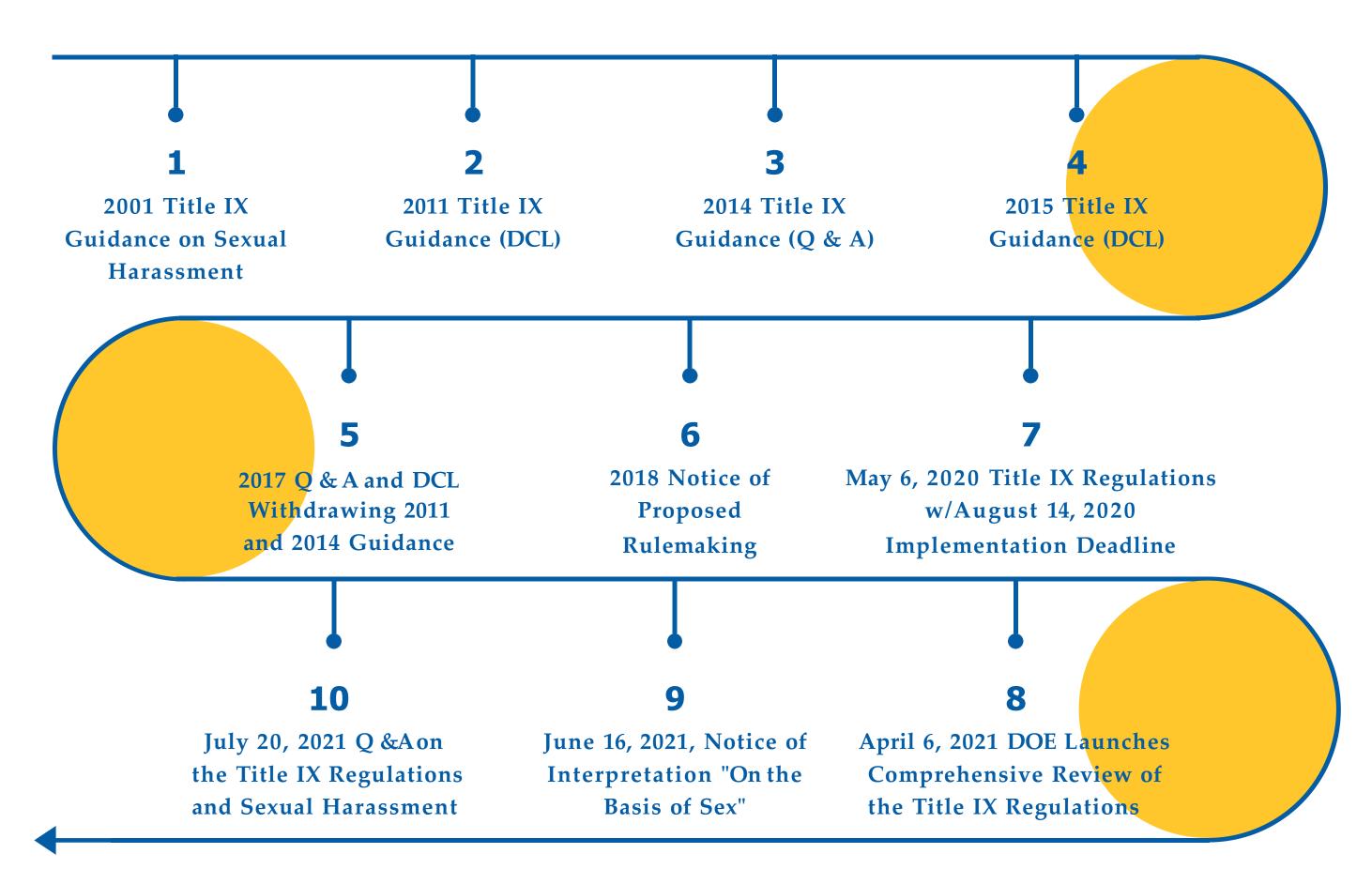
What Does Title IX Cover?

SEXUAL HARASSMENT

EQUITY IN PROGRAMMING (INCLUDING ATHLETICS)

DISCRIMINATION ON THE BASIS OF SEX (INCLUDING PREGNANCY AND SOGI)

The Evolution of Title IX



EXPECTED

May 2022 Title IX Rule

Changes/ Amendments

Q&AHIGHLIGHTS

THE REGULATIONS
STILL APPLY

THE Q & A IS GUIDANCE

RESPONSE TO SEX DISCRIMINATION

NOTICE

COORDINATOR SIGNING
A FORMAL COMPLAINT

APPLICATION PRE-AUGUST 14, 2020 SAMPLE LANGUAGE



Catherine E. Lhamon

Assistant Secretary
Office for Civil Rights



WHAT NOW?

THOUGHTFUL URGENCY



Title IX Applies to...

- Student on Student Sexual Harassment
- Employee on Employee Sexual Harassment
- Employee on Student Sexual Harassment
- Student on Employee Sexual Harassment

UA System has diverse settings and scenarios!



CHANGES AND REQUIREMENTS

OVERVIEW





Prescriptive
Title IX
Process



Officials with Authority



and Procedures

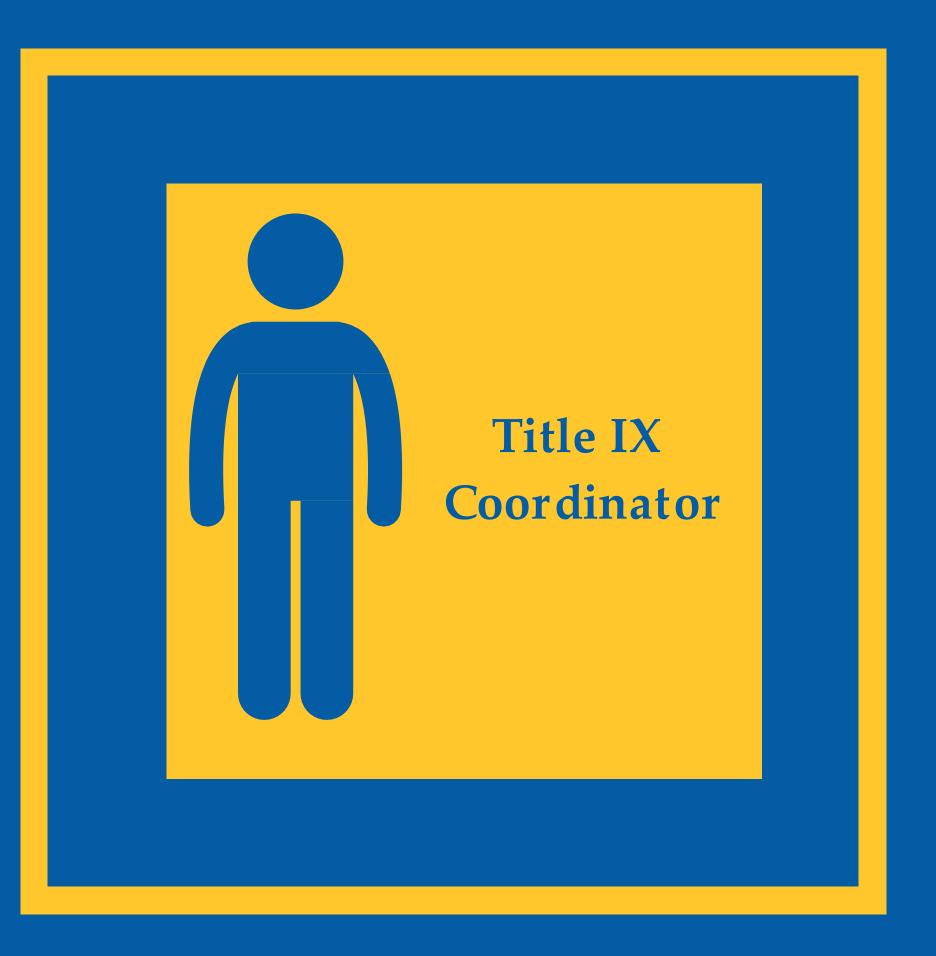


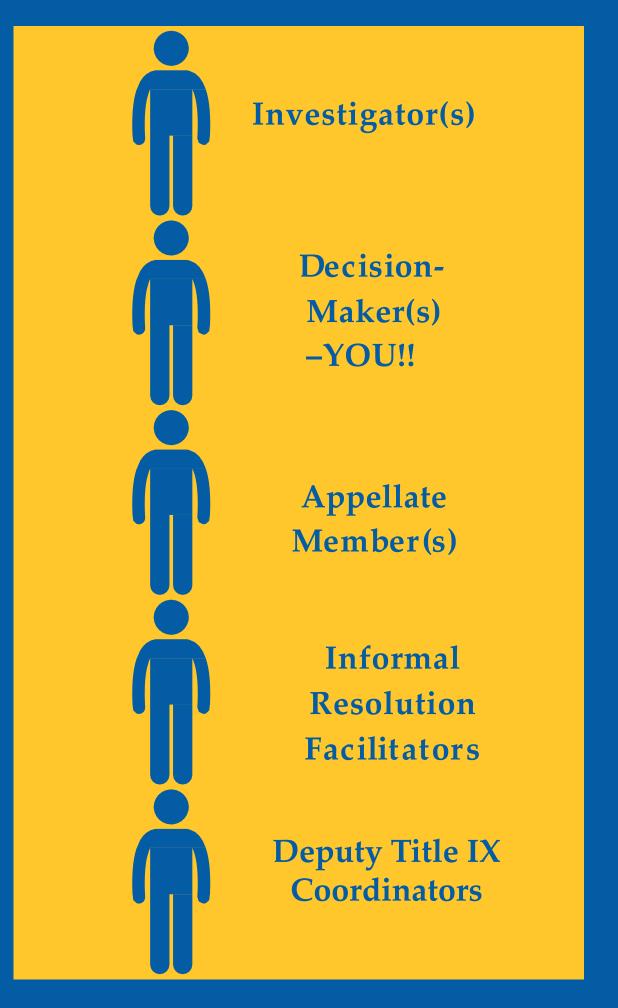




Terminology

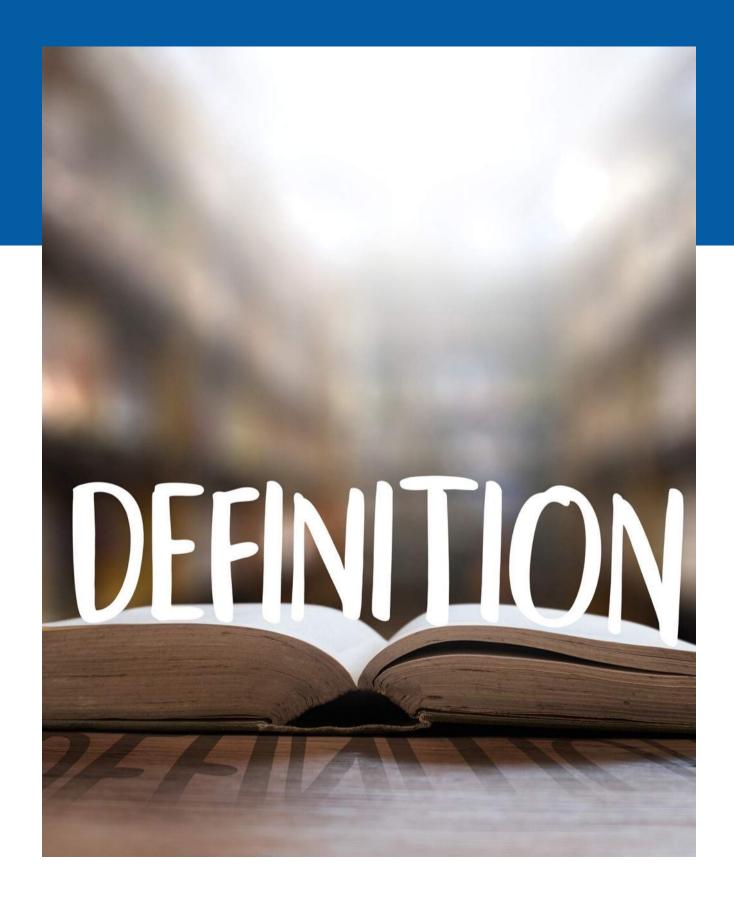
- >Sexual Harassment
- **≻**Complainant
- **≻**Respondent
- ► Formal Complaint
- > Education Program/Activity
- >Supportive Measures







SEXUAL HARASSMENT **EDUCATION PROGRAM OR ACTIVITY** FORMAL TITLE IX **PROCESS**





Additional Prohibited Conduct:

- ✓ Sexual Discrimination Broader than T9
- ✓ Sexual Violence
- ✓ Sexual Exploitation

BASIC TITLE IX

PROCESS





FORMAL COMPLAINT BY **COMPLAINANT/** TITLE IX **COORDINATOR**



NOTICE OF ALLEGATIONS



LIVE **HEARING**



INVESTIGATIVE

TIMELINE

INVESTIGATE

- Notice of Allegations
- Notice of all interviews with sufficient time to prepare

OPPORTUNITY TO INSPECT AND REVIEW EVIDENCE DIRECTLY RELATED TO ALLEGATION & PROVIDE WRITTEN RESPONSE

3

INVESTIGATIVE **REPORT**

OPPORTUNITY TO REVIEW FINAL REPORT AND PROVIDE WRITTEN RESPONSE 10 days

5

LIVE HEARING (EXTERNAL DM FOR UAB and **UAH/Impact** Statement)



APPEAL (INTERNAL)



10 days*

INVESTIGATIVE TIMELINE HOSPITAL **EMPLOYEES**

INVESTIGATE

- Notice of Allegations
- Notice of all interviews with sufficient time to prepare

OPPORTUNITY TO INSPECT AND REVIEW EVIDENCE DIRECTLY RELATED TO ALLEGATION & PROVIDE WRITTEN RESPONSE

3 INVESTIGATIVE **REPORT**

TO REVIEW

FINAL REPORT AND PROVIDE WRITTEN

OPPORTUNITY

10 days

RESPONSE

5

WRITTEN Q&A

APPEAL (INTERNAL)



10 days*

REVIEW POLICIES AND PROCEDURES FOR EACH CAMPUS WHEN YOU RECEIVE AN APPOINTMENT IN DETAIL



- ➤ Three Distinctive Campuses
- ➤ Three Distinctive Processes/Policies UAB and UAH are the same
- Variety of types of cases
- Crucial you know your role in the process
- ➤ Intimately familiar with the Policy/Process/Definitions of Conduct





GENERAL PRINCIPALS

THE UNIVERSITY OF ALABAMA AT BIRMINGHAM

- Not a court proceeding campus proceeding
- Not adversarial
- Remove advocacy hat
- Not working for UA as attorney
- Equitable for Complainant and Respondent





TYPES OF CASES

THE UNIVERSITY OF ALABAMA AT BIRMINGHAM

- Student on Student Sexual Harassment Alcohol/Incapacitation/Etc.
- > Athletics
- Fraternity/Sorority Matters
- Clinical Matters/Physicians
- > Employee HR Issues
- > Faculty Matters
- MOST LIKELY THIS WILL BE COMPLETELY DIFFERENT THAN CASES YOU HAVE SEEN IN PRACTICE







Questions?





THE HEARING



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Hearing Location

- ➤ Live v. Virtual
- Special Consideration with Virtual Hearings
 - -Breakout Rooms
 - -Non-verbals
 - -Test it out in advance!

Hearing Structure

- > Institution Specific
- Get Clarity Prior to Hearing on Structure and Role



Set the Tone, Enforce the Rules

- The parties and advisors must abide by the rules of decorum set by the institution
 - o Provide the rules to the parties prior to the hearing
- The decision maker must
 - o set the tone for the hearing
 - o ensure that the rules are clearly outlined
 - o ensure that the rules are explicitly followed
 - o have the ability to take breaks as necessary

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QUESTIONING WITNESSES (106.45(b)(6)(i))

- Advisor must be permitted to ask relevant questions (including follow up questions and questions challenging credibility) of the other party and witnesses
- ➤ Never by a party directly Conducted live
- > Orally
- > In real time
- ➤ May be submitted in advance, but not required



Relevance and Your Role

RELEVANCY

- Regulations do not define relevancy
- Regulations define some things that are NOT relevant:
 - o Treatment unless parties agree
 - Privileged Information
 - Questions and evidence about the Complainant's sexual predisposition or prior sexual behavior unless they are offered to prove that someone other than Respondent committed the sexual harassment, or if the questions and evidence concern specific incidents of the Complainant's prior sexual behavior with the respondent and are offered to prove consent (does not extend to Respondent's)

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QUESTIONING WITNESSES CONTINUED... DECISION- MAKER

- Decision-maker must decide whether the question is relevant BEFORE it is answered.
- Decision-maker must EXPLAIN any decision to exclude a question as not relevant.
- Decision-maker may ask any additional/follow up questions



QUESTIONING WITNESSES CONTINUED... DECISION- MAKER

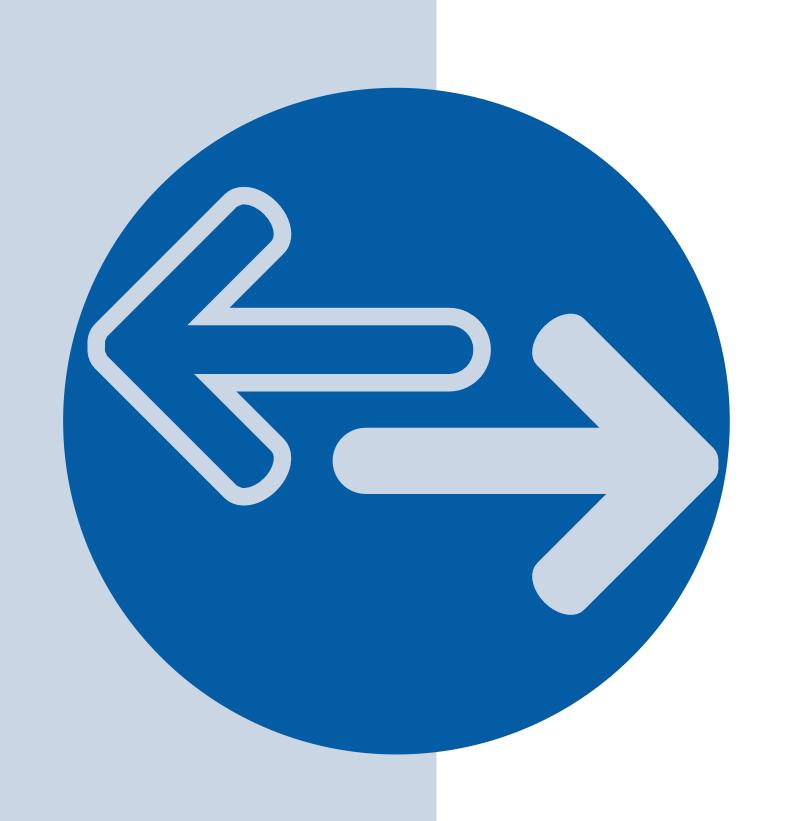
- Advisors of choice –may be a student, faculty, staff member unfamiliar with process
- Burden on institution, not parties

Utilizing Trauma Informed Practices

WHAT DOES IT MEAN?

- Realizing the prevalence of trauma
- Understanding the impacts of trauma
- Avoiding the creation of additional trauma





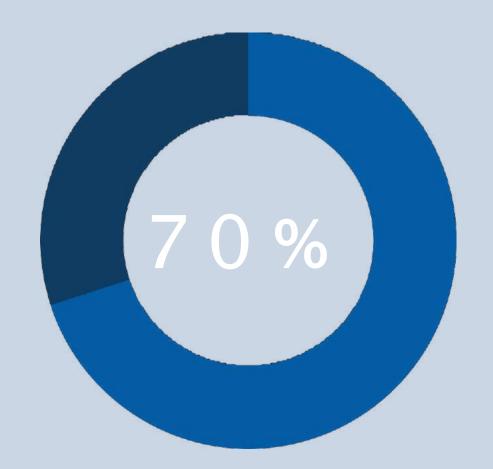
Using Non-Trauma Informed Practices:

- JEOPARDIZES FUTURE REPORTING
- RESULTS IN PREMATURE

 JUDGMENT AND ACCUSATIONS

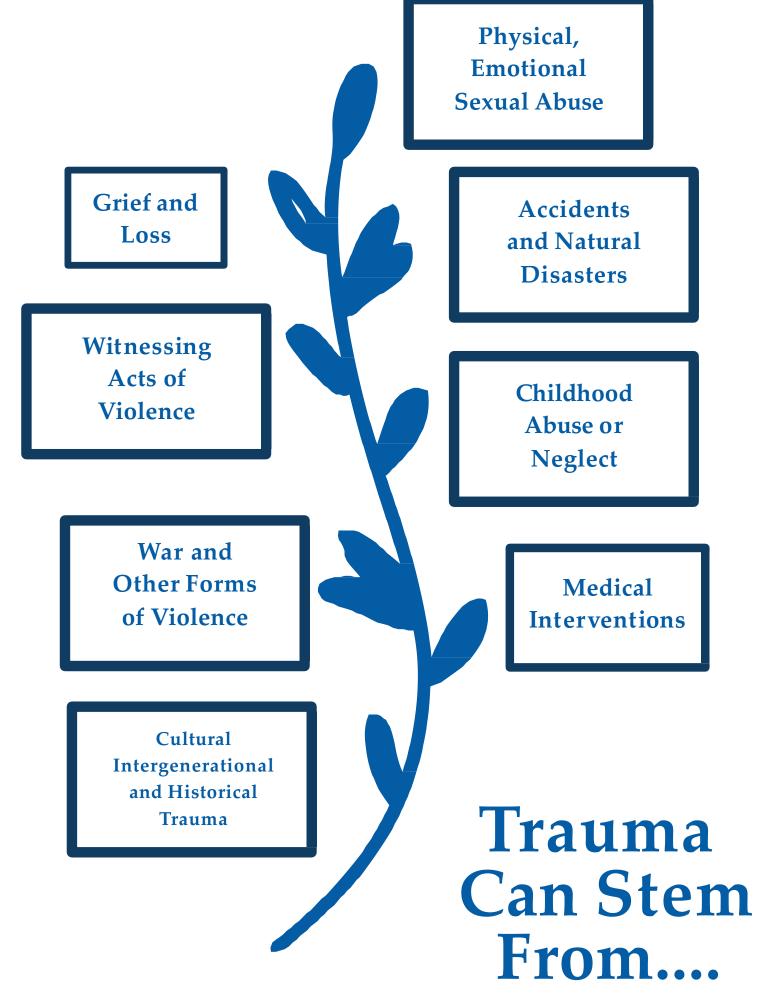
 OF FALSE REPORTING
- CAN CAUSE ADDITIONAL TRAUMA

THE PREVALENCE OF TRAUMA



70 % of adults in the U.S. have experienced some type of traumatic event at least once in their lives

223.4 MILLION PEOPLE



National Council for Behavioral Health.

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Neurobiological Impact of Trauma

HOW DOES TRAUMA IMPACT THE BRAIN?





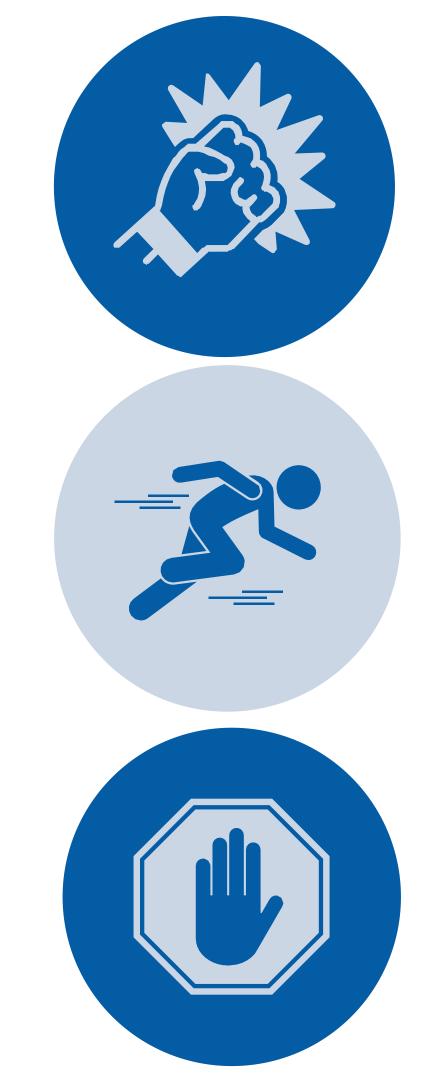
TRAUMA & AMYGDALA, HIPPOCAMPUS, PREFRONTAL CORTEX

- ➤ Brain detects threat trauma triggers chemical reaction
- > Impacts:
 - Decision-making;
 - Rational thinking;
 - Perception;
 - Planning effective responses;
 - Memory
- During trauma may function less effectively
- "Survival Mode" may not be able to think through the situation clearly

Fight, Flight, or Freeze

OR ALL THREE...

Or Something Completely Different...



Response to Trauma

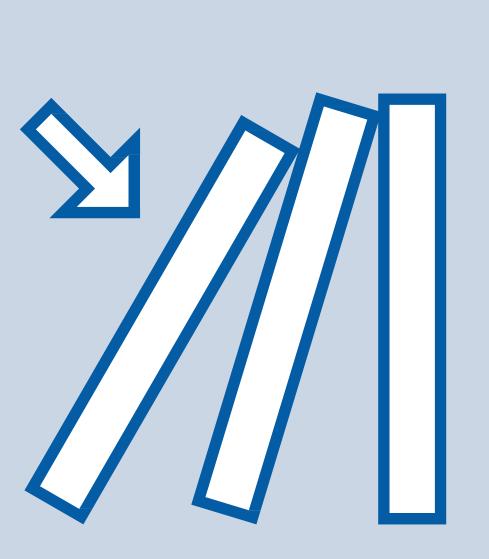
THE POSSIBLE IMPACT

SHOCK DENIAL SELF-BLAME EMBARRASMENT FEAR

ANGER CONFUSION DISRESPECT HUMILIATION LIMITED EMOTION

AVOIDING ADDITIONAL TRAUMA





Investigative Trauma May Trigger Same Reactions

FIGHT

• Hostile; Angry; Explosive; Annoyed

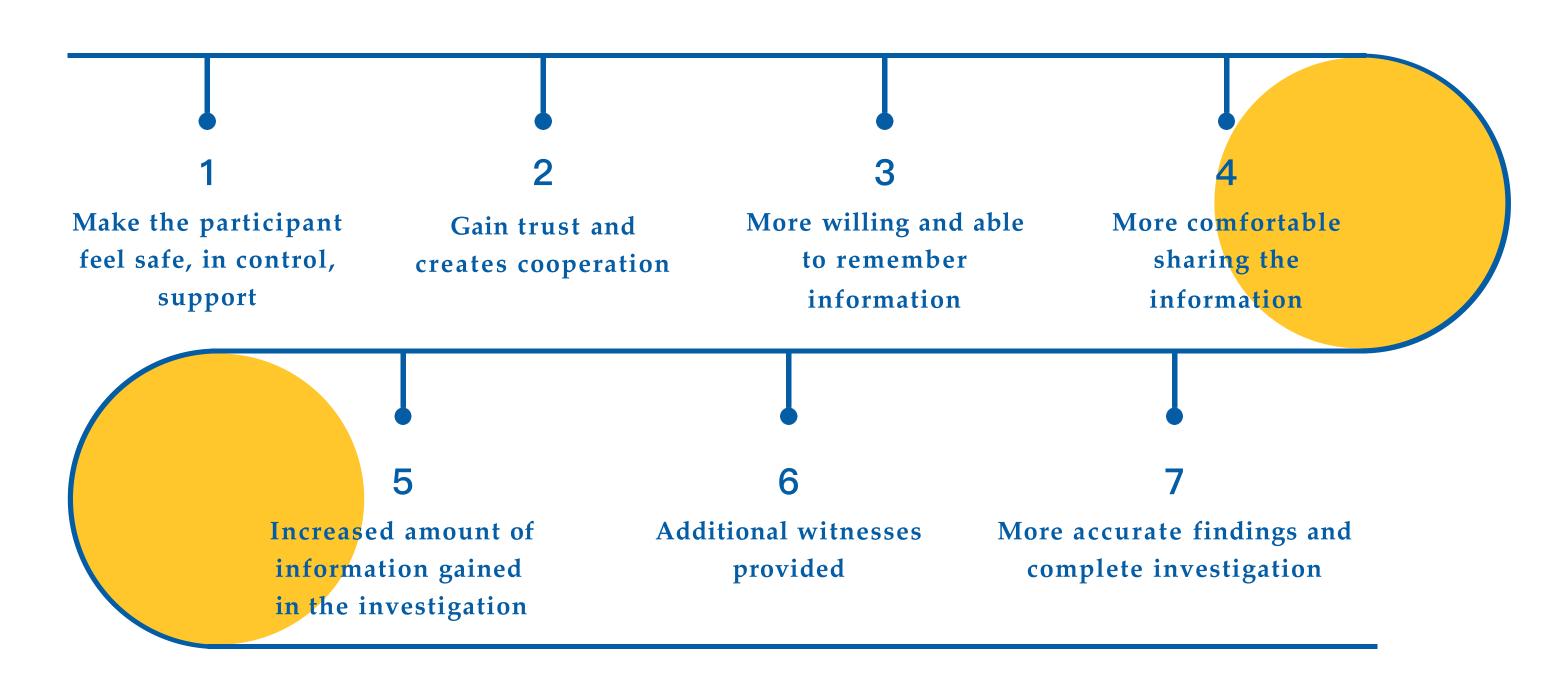
FLIGHT

• Stop participating; Run Away

FREEZE

• No Response; Radio Silence

Leading with Empathy



Use these types of questions:

Help me understand

Do you have any additional information to share?

Can you tell me a little more?

Questions for clarity

NOT these types of questions:

The "Why"
Questions
Why didn't you?

Leading Questions

Blaming questions

Interrogating questions

FRAMING THE QUESTION EXAMPLES

- Why didn't you ask for help?
- Why did you drink if you didn't want to?
- Why didn't you report right away?



- Was there anyone around or available?
- What happened after you had the drink?
- Was there anything in particular that helped you decide to report?

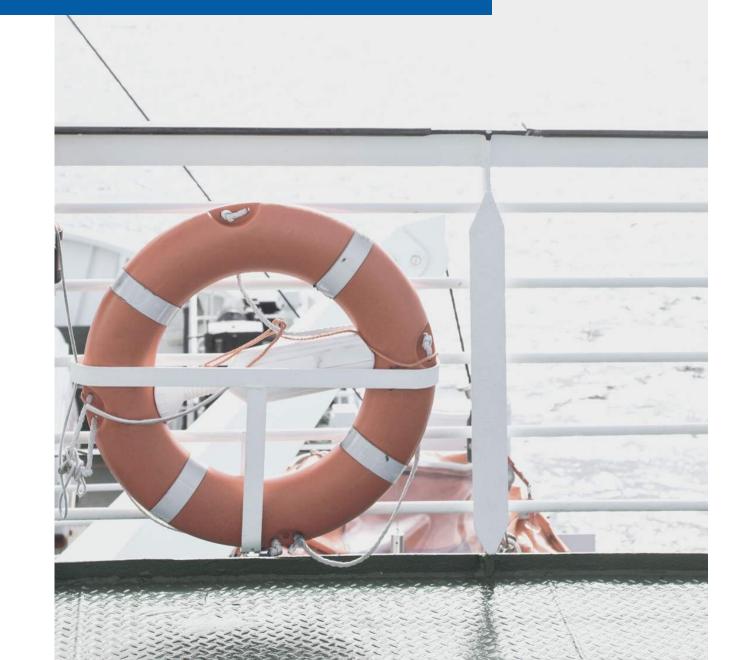




TREAT THE PARTIES EQUITABLY, INTERVIEW THEM UNIQUELY

- Ensure that the complaint and response are being taken seriously
- No prejudgments
- Prohibitions against retaliation
- Ask hard questions, but acknowledge that they are hard

Don't go Overboard



IT CAN GO TOO FAR...

You cannot lead with your emotions

ACKNOWLEDGE CONFLICTS OF INTEREST AND/OR BIASES

Truly reflect on how they are impacting your ability to serve in role

IF YOU FIND YOURSELF HERE, TAKE A BREAK

From the hearing, the witness/party, the project



Questions?

Victim Rights Law Center et al. v. Cardona,

No. 1: 20-cv-11104, 2021 WL 3185743 (D. Mass. July 28, 2021)



August 24, 2021
Letter to Students,
Educators, and other
Stakeholders re:
"Statements"

"In practical terms, a decision-maker at a postsecondary institution <u>may now consider</u> statements made by parties or witnesses that are otherwise permitted under the regulations, even if those parties or witnesses do not participate in cross-examination at the live hearing, in reaching a determination regarding responsibility in a Title IX grievance process."

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Decision-maker must issue a WRITTEN

DETERMINATION regarding responsibility- using preponderance standard set by UA. 106.45(b)(7)



Special Considerations

- ➤ Party shows up without an advisor
- ➤ Party continues to attempt to address other party directly
- Advisor removed because fails to follow rules of decorum
- ➤ Party asks for informal resolution

Reminders



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Presumption of Not Responsible

2 Cure any procedural issues immediately

Not a criminal proceeding

4 Do not prejudge/ conflicts of interest

5 Burden on institutionnot the parties

Guidance: Discrimination Sexual Orientation/Gender Identity

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Bostock v. Clayton County

2020: Supreme Court held Title VII prohibition on discrimination based on sex covers discrimination on the basis of gender identity and sexual orientation





FINAL THOUGHTS/REMINDERS

- Campus Proceeding Be Kind
- > Variety of Cases Students, Employees, Clinicians, Physicians, Faculty
- ➤ Consult Title IX Coordinator/GC Office on Process/Procedures
- Remember your Role
- ➤ Be Prepared Conversant on Policy, Process, Conduct being Evaluated, Requirements in Written Determination, Review of Hearing Packet, Role of Everyone in the Hearing (Appellate Options)
- ➤ EQUITABLE TREATMENT OF BOTH PARTIES extensions, breaks, delays, time, etc.



Questions?