

Center for Biophysical Sciences & Engineering

Emergency Action Plan

Important Numbers

- **UAB Police Emergency** - 934-3535 or 911 from UAB phone
- **UAB Police Non-Emergency** - 934-4434
- **Building Administrator** – Chris Boutwell – Office: 934-6567 Mobile: 441-9327
- **Engineering Representative Contact** – Chris Hall - Office: 996-2412
- **UAB Maintenance** - 934-5353
- **UAB Campus Safety** - 934-2487
- **UAB Telecommunications** – 934-7777
- **UAB Emergency Operation Center (EOC)** – 975-1000

Introduction

An emergency or "disaster" is any event which seriously disrupts the normal functions of the UAB Campus, regardless of the cause. Special detailed plans are included which address such scenarios as fire, bomb threat, loss of electrical power, dangerous person or active shooter, severe weather, and medical emergencies.

Administrative Notification (IFC – 404.2.2, 1.)

In the event of any disaster, UAB Police should be contacted by dialing “**911**” from any UAB phone or by dialing **934-3535** from a cell phone or public phone.

Bomb Threat (IFC – 404.2.2, 1.)

It is the responsibility of the local police department to investigate all suspected bombs and reports of bombs being placed on campus property and coordinate evacuation, searches, and removal of suspected explosive devices. This shall be accomplished in cooperation with staff, fire department, and other agencies which may be called to assist.

- If you receive a bomb threat use the bomb threat check list to gather all pertinent information. (See attached Appendix C).
- Report the bomb threat and all available information to the UAB Police by dialing “**911**” and your supervisor.
- Notify the Building Administrator or designee who will communicate with the police department, obtain instructions, and make an evacuation determination based on the credibility of the threat.
- Do not advise the general public. **Allow business as usual until directed otherwise.**
- If evacuation is necessary, UAB Police, the Campus Safety Coordinator, the Building Administrator or designee, and possibly other building representatives will notify each floor of the need to evacuate. If the building fire alarm system is

Center for Biophysical Sciences & Engineering

Emergency Action Plan

equipped with an "all call" feature for public address, the evacuation will be announced building-wide by UAB Police. The fire alarm may also be used to speed evacuation. Do not make a general announcement that the reason for evacuation is a bomb. Only state there is an "emergency situation" and that everyone must evacuate and go to their designated gathering point for their department.

Loss of Electrical Power

Upon loss of power, remain calm and notify Campus maintenance dispatch immediately at extension "934-5353".

- Where available, the emergency generator will transfer power upon loss of electricity. It is important that all staff are trained that the switch to emergency power is not instant. There will be a brief delay. Also, not all areas have emergency power. Light switches and electrical outlets on emergency generators are red and easily identified. Critical equipment should be plugged into these red outlets.
 - **Egress lighting** - All areas have egress lighting at a minimum in order to maintain enough light to navigate corridors and stairs. However, this lighting is very dim compared to what you are used to. It is important to keep evacuation routes and corridors clear of all clutter that could pose a hazard in dim light and slow or obstruct evacuation.
 - All non-essential equipment should be turned off until power has been restored.
-

Loss of Communications

1. If the telephone system is lost, avoid attempting to use the phone.
2. Designated one individual to periodically check the phone.
3. Use cellular phones to maintain essential communications.

Center for Biophysical Sciences & Engineering

Emergency Action Plan

ACTIVE SHOOTER (IFC – 404.2.2, 1.)

An active shooter is a person who appears to be actively engaged in killing or attempting to kill people in a populated area; in most cases, active shooters use firearm(s), and there is no pattern or method to their selection of victims. These situations are dynamic and evolve rapidly, demanding immediate deployment of law enforcement resources to stop the shooting and mitigate harm to innocent victims. This document guides faculty, staff, and students who may be caught in an active shooter situation and describes what to expect from responding police officers.

Guidance to faculty, staff, and students:

Should a shooter or a person with a weapon appear on campus, call the University Police (911 or 205-934-3535) as soon as safely possible. The University Police Department is trained to deal with this incident and will respond immediately upon notification.

Each situation is different, so no single procedure will work in all circumstances. You will have to make the best decision based on your unique situation. Always be aware of your surroundings as you determine how best to protect yourself. The Department of Homeland Security offers the following suggestions:

Run...

If there is an accessible escape path, attempt to evacuate the premises. Be sure to:

- Have an escape route and plan in mind
- Evacuate regardless of whether others agree to follow
- Leave your belongings behind
- Help others escape, if possible
- Prevent individuals from entering an area where the active shooter may be
- Keep your hands visible
- Follow the instructions of any police officer
- Do not attempt to move wounded people
- Call 911 or 205-934-3535 (UABPD) when you are safe

Hide...

If evacuation is not possible, find a place to hide where the active shooter is less likely to find you. Your hiding place should:

- Be out of the active shooter's view
- Provide protection if shots are fired in your direction (i.e., an office with a closed and locked door)
- Do not trap yourself or restrict your options for movement

To prevent an active shooter from entering your hiding place:

- Lock the door
- Blockade the door with heavy furniture

If the active shooter is nearby:

- Lock the door
- Silence your cell phone and/or pager

Center for Biophysical Sciences & Engineering

Emergency Action Plan

- Turn off any source of noise (i.e., radios, televisions)
- Hide behind large items (i.e., cabinets, desks)
- Remain quiet

If evacuation and hiding out are not possible:

- Remain calm
- Dial 911 or 205-934-3535 (UABPD) if possible to alert police of the active shooter's location
- If you cannot speak, leave the line open and allow the dispatcher to listen

Fight...

As a last resort, and only when your life is in imminent danger, attempt to disrupt and/or incapacitate the active shooter by:

- Acting as aggressively as possible against him/her
- Throwing items and improvising weapons
- Yelling
- Committing to your actions

When calling the police, attempt to provide the following information:

- Building/Site Name and location
- Your name and phone number
- Exact location and number of shooters
- Description of shooter, type of weapon, number of hostages, if any
- Number and location of injured persons

When the police arrive, they may not know who the shooter(s) are, yet perpetrators have been known to hide among students. Therefore, it is important to obey all law enforcement commands. Officers may order everyone to raise their hands or even place handcuffs on them. This is done for safety reasons to prevent further injury and possible escape by the perpetrator(s). Once law enforcement officers are on the scene, they will move through the area/building. Follow all directions from law enforcement officers immediately. The primary focus of UABPD will be to locate and confront the threat. Once the threat has been contained, other resources will assist you.

Center for Biophysical Sciences & Engineering

Emergency Action Plan

Severe Weather

Departments should have a way of monitoring for inclement weather, such as a weather radio, weather app for your phone, B-Alert, weather.com etc. Department captains along with the Building Administrator or other designees will be responsible for monitoring the weather for changes that may require an upgrade in readiness. The Building Administrator is also responsible, in consultation with Campus Safety, for helping departments determine specific actions that should be taken to protect UAB employees, students, visitors and property.

Emergency Sirens

There are 8 emergency sirens located strategically around campus to help alert the community and those outdoors in the event of a tornado warning or sighting (see below). These are activated by the Jefferson County Emergency Management Agency in cooperation with the National Weather Service.

Heavy Rain and Flooding

Campus maintenance will be prepared to handle sewer back-up and other problems associated with flooding in areas known to have problems. Environmental or Building Services is responsible for making sure door mats and wet floor signs are deployed and to assist with any needed cleanup.

Flash Flooding

Some roads, parking areas, sidewalks, etc. at UAB are prone to flash flooding during periods of severe downpours. This can be made worse because of construction. Be aware of your surroundings.

- Never try to walk or swim through swiftly moving water.
- Never try to cross water in a vehicle, whether it is moving or not.
- If your vehicle stalls in rapidly rising water, abandon it immediately and move to higher ground.

Severe Lightning/Electrical Storms

While it is unlikely that such storms will result in serious damage to the University as a result of electrical activity, it is advisable to curtail certain activities that may present risks, such as outdoor or rooftop activities, or the use of any equipment that could cause injury or be damaged by sudden surges or interruptions in the power supply.

Many lightning fatalities or injuries occur at the beginning or end of a thunderstorm. The following are some lightning safety rules:

- Keep an eye on the sky. Look for darkening skies, flashes of light, or increasing wind. Listen for the sound of thunder.
- If you can hear thunder, you are close enough to the storm to be struck by lightning.

Center for Biophysical Sciences & Engineering

Emergency Action Plan

- Count seconds from the time you see lightning until you hear thunder, then divide by five. This gives you the distance in miles from the lightning to you.

When a storm approach...

- Find shelter in a building or car. Keep car windows closed and avoid convertibles.
- Telephone lines and metal pipes can conduct electricity. Avoid using the telephone or any electrical appliance.

If someone is struck by lightning...

- People who have been struck by lightning carry no electrical charge and can be handled safely.
- If they have stopped breathing, perform CPR.

Watches and Warnings

Watch

A tornado, severe thunderstorm, flash flood, etc. **watch** means conditions are favorable for the development of that particular weather event that is capable of causing severe damage. The watch will be issued by the National Weather Service for a specified period of time. Specific information will be broadcast on the weather radio and on commercial radio and television. **Each department should develop a call tree or other method of notifying every one of the potential for severe weather.** Since this is not an immediate threat and no specific action is required, e-mail notification or a group text works well for this. Make sure to include when the watch period will end. No specific action should be taken by employees during a watch except to stay alert to weather conditions and updates.

Warning

A tornado, severe thunderstorm, flash flood, etc. **warning** means a weather event has been positively identified in or near Jefferson County. **Emergency sirens will sound.** Everyone must stay alert for sudden changes in weather conditions and weather announcements and should **seek shelter immediately along the interior walls and enclosed windowless staircases, or in a basement area. The Collat Building is equipped with a storm shelter. See specific instructions below.** With Doppler radar and other sophisticated electronic tracking systems we can more accurately track weather threats. It is extremely important to monitor radio, weather app, or TV for the latest information on the exact location of the storm.

Center for Biophysical Sciences & Engineering

Emergency Action Plan

Stay away from the windows as much as possible. Do not attempt to monitor conditions visually by standing at a large window.

The severe weather gathering areas for the CBSE building are:

- ◆ Basement level area: All areas except mechanical rooms.
- ◆ 1st floor areas: From rooms 107 to 113, 117C to 118 and 180 to 188 and inside restrooms.
- ◆ Stairwells from the 2nd floor down.

Once a warning has been issued for the Birmingham Metro area someone should be appointed to monitor current conditions by using a weather radio, weather app, or by waiting for a notification from the B-Alert system. A B-Alert will be issued when the initial warning goes out and a “immediate threat has passed” will be given when current storm has passed the campus. This does not mean that another storm system could not be following behind so continuing conditions should be monitored until all danger has passed.

Center for Biophysical Sciences & Engineering Emergency Action Plan

Fire and Evacuation **IFC – 404.2.2, 1, 5)**

General Procedures for all Areas:

If you detect FIRE or SMOKE, no matter how minor it may appear to be, immediately follow these steps:

STAY CALM and use common sense. Others will depend on your actions. Use the **C.A.R.E.** response system:

Close the door to **CONFINE** the fire and smoke. As you leave the room where the fire is located, close the room door and fire doors located in the corridors.

ACTIVATE THE FIRE ALARM by pulling the handle.

REPORT THE FIRE. DIAL “911” (Local police/fire department). Identify yourself and provide the exact location of fire or smoke and what is burning, if known.

EVACUATE staff and visitors immediately. Do not return to the building unless told to do so by the fire department, police, or the Safety Coordinator.

Evacuation

Evacuation of employees, students, and visitors will be carried out in a timely and orderly manner and will occur as follows:

- All building occupants should proceed to the nearest exit, move away from the building.

Depending on which side of the building you exit, the corral points are:

- ◆ **Main Area:** If Exiting from the West or East side of the building proceed to parking lot across 18th street- Lot 15W.
- ◆ **Alternative Area:** If exiting from East side of building proceed to sidewalk area off of 10th Court South.

Your department captain will train you on exactly where your gathering point is. This will provide a quick and easy way to account for all employees and visitors. It is also important that the fire department has clear and unobstructed access to the building. Do not gather in the driveway, move away from the building. Do not return to the building unless told to do so by the fire department, police, or the Campus Safety Coordinator. It is sometimes difficult to know when the all clear is given, however, UAB Police will be monitoring all exits and will blow their whistles and verbally notify groups in obvious gathering areas that it is safe to return to the building.

Provisions for Individuals with Disabilities (IFC – 404.2.1, 4.), (IFC – 404.2.2, 2.3.)

Center for Biophysical Sciences & Engineering

Emergency Action Plan

The landings inside of each stairwell are considered safe areas for individuals with disabilities. It is routine procedure for emergency personnel to check these areas for individuals with disabilities and/or injured persons. If the building must be evacuated, individuals with disabilities located above or below the ground floor should be escorted to the closest stairwell and a designated person should remain with them until emergency personnel arrive.

Fighting Small Fires

If you are *certain* that a small or contained fire does not pose an immediate threat to you, your co-workers, visitors, students, or the surrounding area, you may be able to put it out with the appropriate fire extinguisher. The fire extinguishers located throughout the building are ABC type dry chemical.

Fire Drills

In an actual fire, there will be excitement and confusion. The confusion may be compounded by thick smoke and toxic gases. A normally well marked exit route may appear unfamiliar and disorienting. For this reason, it is essential that fire response procedures be practiced.

The training of personnel to respond effectively to a fire emergency is a critical component of any fire safety program. Each person must know exactly what to do and must have enough practice to be able to perform quickly and efficiently. Fire drills should be conducted as follows:

1. Drills should be conducted in a manner that ensures all personnel participate.
2. Drills are to be conducted by the Campus Safety Coordinator and Building Administrator or designee.
3. Drills are to be initiated through verbal notification of an employee or by activating a fire alarm pull station. If a pull station is used, Campus maintenance should be on hand to reset the alarm and Birmingham Fire and Rescue must be notified of the exact time of the drill and when the system is back in service.
4. The Campus Safety Coordinator, Building Administrator or designee will monitor and evaluate the fire drill response. Training will be held at that time if an employee is found to be unfamiliar with procedures.
5. All clear to be called by the Campus Safety Coordinator, Building Administrator or designee.

Fire Prevention

The following guidelines have been established in order to maintain a fire safe environment for staff and visitors:

- Free access to fire cabinets, fire extinguishers and other firefighting equipment must be maintained at all times.
- The "No Smoking" policy shall be enforced.
- All use of candles and open flames are prohibited.

Center for Biophysical Sciences & Engineering

Emergency Action Plan

- Keep all electrical equipment in good repair. Do not overload electrical circuits by using multiple plugs or unapproved extension cords. Only those extension cords labeled as UL Listed and in good condition may be used.
- Only approved space heaters may be used. Never use an extension cord with space heaters.
- Holiday decorations must be made of non-combustible or fire-retardant materials. **Live Christmas trees are not permitted.** Do not block corridors with decorations. Fire doors shall not be covered with combustible materials, such as wrapping paper.

Fire Safety Inspections

Conducting systematic inspections to locate and eliminate fire hazards is an indispensable element of the Fire Safety Program. The Safety Coordinator will conduct periodic, unannounced fire inspections as part of the hazard surveillance process. However, departments should periodically self-inspect to help identify any potential hazards, such as space heaters too close to combustibles, frayed electrical wires, excessive combustibles (Boxes, paper, etc.), improperly stored flammables, presence of burning candles, blocked emergency equipment or obstructed corridors.

It is the responsibility of each employee to report conditions believed to be unsafe or a fire hazard as soon after discovery as possible. Report these to the Building Administrator.

Fire Extinguishers, Fire Hoses, And Sprinkler Systems

Responsibility for periodic inspection, servicing, including recharging and minor maintenance and adjustments, removal and replacement of discharged or unserviceable units and the installation of new fire extinguishers and fire extinguishing systems or fire suppression equipment is a Campus Maintenance function.

- a. Except for use in fighting a fire, fire extinguishers shall not be removed or relocated by any person except assigned maintenance or safety personnel.
- b. Fire extinguisher inspection tags shall only be modified by the inspector.
- c. Fire extinguisher inspection tags shall be removed by only the fire extinguisher shop.
- d. Fire extinguisher locations must be clearly indicated according to applicable codes and must NOT be obstructed by furnishings, equipment, supplies, boxes, carts or any other material.

Fire Extinguisher Replacement

After an extinguisher has been used, regardless of how small the discharge, or if found to be unserviceable for any reason, it should be immediately replaced. Contact Campus maintenance at extension 934-5353 for this service.

Center for Biophysical Sciences & Engineering

Emergency Action Plan

Medical Emergency (IFC – 404.2.1, 6.)

It is the policy at UAB to provide faculty, staff, students, visitors and patients a means by which they may report and be assisted with medical emergencies.

To facilitate the treatment of injuries and illness in order to minimize their impact on faculty, staff, students, visitors and patients, follow these guidelines when responding to a medical emergency:

- **ASSESS** the patient's condition by asking appropriate questions and observe response
 - *Do you know where you are?*
 - *What's your name?*
 - *Who is the president of the United States?*
- **RESPOND** contact (911 from a UAB phone) or 934-3535 UAB emergency number. If patient is unresponsive and not breathing a qualified person or persons should begin Cardio Pulmonary Resuscitation (CPR), attach an Automatic External Defibrillator (AED) if one is available.
- **CREATE** a safe space for the patient, clear onlookers, including unnecessary students and staff
- **CARE** for, monitor and communicate with the patient to continually observe the situation until medical responders arrive. **REPORT** details of the incident to the medical responders. Gather information to complete UAB Incident Report, and submit it to Office of Risk Management and the Building Administrator.

Remember no one can be forced to seek medical care unless they choose to do so or are unresponsive and cannot choose for themselves.

Employee Injury Reporting

An incident/accident must be reported verbally by the employee to the employee's supervisor as soon as possible but no later than two calendar days following the incident/accident or following the onset of the illness or disease. Failure to verbally report an incident/accident within two calendar days of occurrence or within two calendar days of the onset of the illness or disease may result in denial of On-the-Job Injury/Illness (OJI) benefits.

Campus employees (to include Post Doc, Graduate Student employees, visiting scholars and visiting scientists): Employees with needle sticks and/or other exposures should be evaluated at The Workplace during the work week (Monday-Friday from 7AM to 4PM). If an incident occurs on the weekend or outside The Workplace's hours of operation (7AM-4PM), employees should go to UAB Highland's ED or University Hospital ED.

If medical treatment is required (other than needle sticks) call Brentwood Services at 933-0373 or 1-800-524-0604. Complete the Initial Medical Evaluation Authorization

Center for Biophysical Sciences & Engineering Emergency Action Plan

(found at www.uab.edu/humanresources) and send with the employee to The Workplace (UAB Occupational Medicine) if the injury occurs during their operating hours (M-F 7:30A – 5:00P). If outside The Workplace hours, send form with the employee to University Hospital Emergency Department (UHED), Highlands Emergency Department or UAB Urgent Care.

Injured employees may use Blazer Express for transportation to and from The Workplace for the initial visit. The Workplace is located at UAB Highlands, Suite 100. Their telephone number is: 205-933-5300. You should contact Brentwood Services Administrators (933-0373 or 1-800-524- 0604) to coordinate transportation for any subsequent medical visits.

Complete an electronic Trendtracker Incident Report form as soon as possible. Refer to the Risk Management web site for instructions (www.uab.edu/riskmgt). If you do not have access to Trendtracker, you may complete a paper incident report and send to Monica Jones in AB215.

Student Injury

In the event a UAB student is injured. An immediate assessment should be made to determine the severity of injuries and proper response required.

- If student is unresponsive and not breathing contact UAB dispatch immediately at 934-3535 or 911 from UAB phone. A qualified person should start Cardio Pulmonary Resuscitation (CPR), attach Automatic External Defibrillator, if one is available. If severely injured same process should be used in notifying UAB dispatch at (205) 934-3535 or 911 from UAB phone. Dispatch will then send appropriate response needed. Be sure to fill out the proper form at the link provided below for the digital copy.
<https://riskmgt.hs.uab.edu/pdfs/uabhsstudentvisitorauthformeval.pdf>
At no point should notification to dispatch or transport be delayed to obtain paperwork.
- If student has minor injuries and emergency response is not needed then student should be directed to Student Health and Wellness Center. It will be up to the student whether to seek medical attention or not. UAB faculty cannot force a student to seek medical attention. The form listed above should be obtained regardless of treatment.

Chemical Safety (IFC – 407.1-7)

Center for Biophysical Sciences & Engineering

Emergency Action Plan

Safety Data Sheets

The UAB Hazard Communication Program requires all employees who work with chemicals to be familiar the hazards associated with those chemicals. A Safety Data Sheet (SDS) - formerly MSDS (Material Safety Data Sheet) - provides information on specific hazards, health effects, handling and storage, spill response, disposal and personal protective equipment regarding a particular substance. UAB subscribes to an online service, ChemWatch, for Safety Data Sheets. Safety Data Sheets may be obtained from the chemical supplier or from EHS. It is recommended for chemical users to keep a readily available hard copy of the safety data sheets for strong acids and bases, flammable chemicals, very toxic chemicals or chemicals used in large quantity (over 4L).

Chemical Spills and Accidents

It is the policy at UAB to have procedures in place that address the specific problems involved in a chemical spill or accident.

To reduce the likelihood of injury to faculty, staff, patients and students and damage to property as a result of a spill or accident involving chemicals, personnel should be trained to safely handle the chemicals present in their areas before beginning work with them.

Personal Injury

a. **Eye Contact:** Promptly flush eyes with water for 15 minutes and seek medical attention.

b. **Ingestion:** Encourage the victim to drink large amounts of water or call Poison Control (4-4606) and seek medical attention.

c. **Skin Contact:** Promptly flush the affected area with water and remove any contaminated clothing. Soap may be necessary for non-water-soluble compounds. If symptoms persist after washing seek medical attention.

Report all chemical exposures or injuries to your supervisor as soon as possible, but certainly within 2 calendar days.

Small Chemical Spills: Promptly clean up small spills (generally less than 500ml) using appropriate protective apparel and equipment. Small spills can generally be absorbed using paper towels, spill pillows or vermiculite. Absorbent materials must be disposed of as chemical waste. All areas should have a spill kit containing an appropriate amount and type of absorbent for the chemicals used in the area. Contact EHS 4-2487 for assistance with spill kit selection if needed.

Center for Biophysical Sciences & Engineering

Emergency Action Plan

Large Chemical: In case of a large spill (more than 500ml) of a known hazardous chemical, contain the spill, if possible, warn others and evacuate the area. Contact EHS immediately and give your name, extension, location of spill, quantity and name of chemical spilled. Decontaminate personnel that may have been splashed with the chemical and take anyone injured to the University Hospital Emergency Department. An on the Job Injury form should be completed and a copy forwarded to Occupational Medicine.

EHS will contact the Spill Response Team, which will have full authority over the clean-up operation. The spill response team has been specially trained to handle hazardous chemical spills. Anyone deliberately breaching the authority of the spill response team at the site of a spill, thereby jeopardizing the health and safety of other University employees, may be subject to disciplinary action by the University. The Chemical Safety Officer or his designee will be responsible for calling any additional personnel needed at the site of the spill, such as UAB Police (4-3535).

When a spill occurs:

- a. Restrict the area. Allow no one to enter the room except for urgent treatment of patient or containment of the spill.

- b. Contact the EHS (4-2487) to report the spill. Give your name and contact information, the location of the spill, the material spilled, approximate amount and if there are any injuries or damage resulting from the spill.

Center for Biophysical Sciences & Engineering Emergency Action Plan

APPENDIX B – Departmental Responsibilities

Each department/floor should develop:

- A call tree or other method of notifying personnel of the potential for severe weather or another emergency.
- A list of Department Captains and alternates.
- Headcount roster.
- Department placard to hold up at assembly area.

Supervisory responsibilities

Train employees on:

- Evacuation procedures.
- Designate personnel, e.g., Department Captains, etc.
- Headcount procedures.

Center for Biophysical Sciences & Engineering Emergency Action Plan

APPENDIX C

Center for Biophysical Sciences & Engineering Emergency Action Plan

Bomb Checklist

BOMB THREAT CHECKLIST Telephone Procedures

INSTRUCTIONS: Be calm, be courteous, listen. Do not interrupt the initial message of the caller. If possible, notify your supervisor immediately by a pre-arranged signal while the caller is on the line.

Name of Operator _____ Time _____ Date _____

Caller's Identity:

Sex: Male _____ Female _____ Adult _____ Juvenile _____ Approximate age _____ in years

Origin of Call: (Check Caller ID)

Local _____ Long Distance _____ Booth _____ Internal _____ Write the number here _____

<p>Voice Characteristics</p> <p>_____ Loud _____ Soft</p> <p>_____ High Pitch _____ Deep</p> <p>_____ Raspy _____ Pleasant</p> <p>_____ Intoxicated _____ Other</p>	<p>Speech</p> <p>_____ Fast _____ Slow</p> <p>_____ Distinct _____ Distorted</p> <p>_____ Stutter _____ Nasal</p> <p>_____ Slurred _____ Lisp</p> <p>_____ Other</p>	<p>Language</p> <p>_____ Excellent _____ Good</p> <p>_____ Fair _____ Poor</p> <p>_____ Foul _____ Other</p>
<p>Accent</p> <p>_____ Local _____ Not Local</p> <p>_____ Foreign _____ Region</p> <p>_____ Race _____ Other</p>	<p>Manner</p> <p>_____ Calm _____ Angry</p> <p>_____ Rational _____ Irrational</p> <p>_____ Coherent _____ Incoherent</p> <p>_____ Deliberate _____ Emotional</p> <p>_____ Righteous _____ Laughing</p>	<p>Background Noises</p> <p>_____ Mixed _____ Airplanes</p> <p>_____ Bedlam _____ Animals</p> <p>_____ Trains _____ Voices</p> <p>_____ Music _____ Quiet</p> <p>_____ Factory Machines</p> <p>_____ Street Traffic</p> <p>_____ Party Atmosphere</p> <p>_____ Office Machines</p>

BOMB FACTS

Pretend difficulty with hearing. Keep the caller talking. If the caller seems agreeable to further conversation, ask questions like:

When will it go off? Certain hour _____ Time remaining _____

Where is it located? Building _____ Floor/Office/Area _____

What kind of bomb? _____

How do you know so much about the bomb? _____

Where are you now? _____

What is your name and address? _____

If the building is occupied, inform the caller that detonation could cause injury or death.

Write out the message in its entirety and any other comments on a separate sheet of paper and attach to this checklist.

Did the caller appear familiar with the building by his description of the bomb location? _____

ACTIONS TO TAKE IMMEDIATELY AFTER THE CALL

- NOTIFY THE UNIVERSITY POLICE, EXT 911 or 934-3535
- NOTIFY YOUR IMMEDIATE SUPERVISOR.

Talk to no one -- other than instructed by your supervisor or the Police.

3/30/2005 (abj)